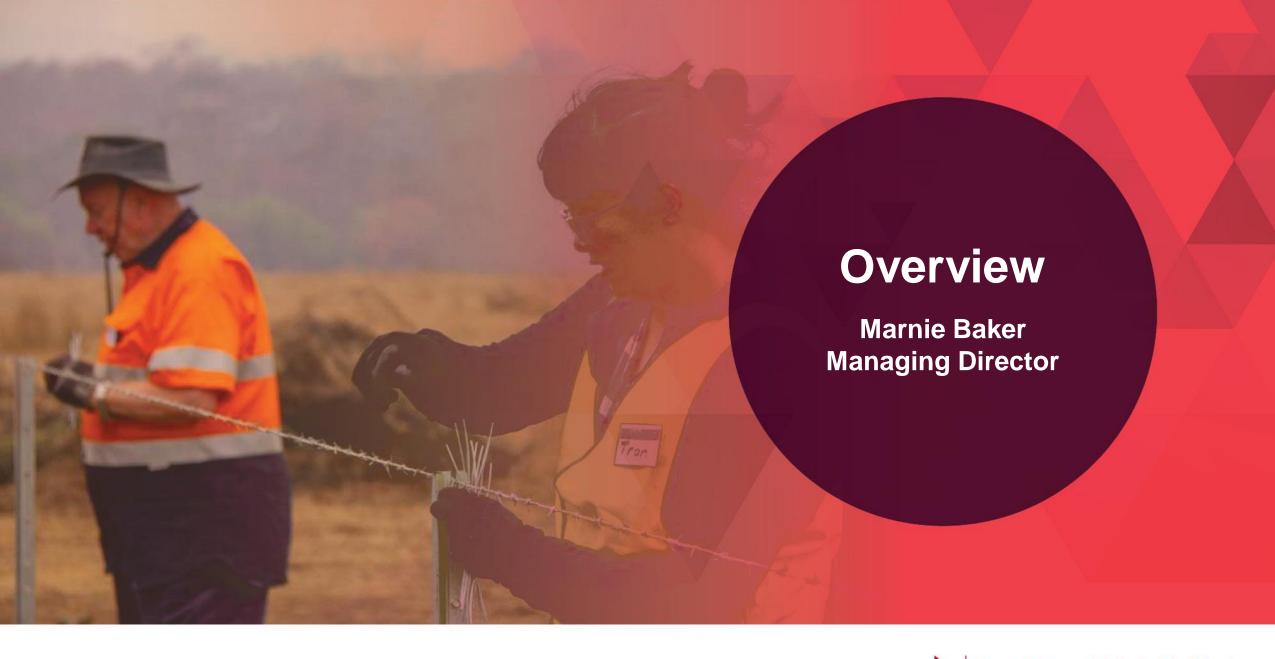




Agenda

Overview	Marnie Baker
1H20 financials	Travis Crouch
Summary and outlook	Marnie Baker
Q&A	Marnie Baker and Travis Crouch



Overview 1H20

Solid result underpinned by strong growth, margin management and credit quality

1.1x above system lending growth



Small business lending growth +15.6%²

Margin steady at **2.37%**

BDD 7bps of total loans



Top 10 most trusted brand in Australia³

> NPS + 27.2higher than the average of the major banks⁴

⁴ APRA Monthly Banking Statistics December 2019. Data is an annualised growth rate based on a 6-month period (30/06/19 – 31/12/19)



² Internal data is an annualised growth rate based on a 6-month period (30/06/19 – 31/12/19)

³ Roy Morgan All Brand Net Trust Score Survey

 $^{^4}$ Roy Morgan Net Promoter Score – Roy Morgan Research for the period July – December 2019 comparing BEN to the average of the major banks

Our purpose in action

Supporting our customers and communities experiencing hardship

Over the short, medium and long term

Our customers

- Emergency funds available to customers
- Home, Business and Agri loan assistance packages including discounted interest rates and fee waivers
- Direct customer contact program to:
 - Drought impacted agribusiness customers
 - Bushfire impacted retail, home loan, small business and agribusiness customers
- Emergency funds and temporary accommodation costs via our insurance partner IAG

Our people

- Unlimited natural disaster and community service leave
- Resilience and wellbeing training and on-going support
- Counselling support

Our communities

- Our National Bushfire Disaster Appeal has raised
 +\$35.4m from over 140,000 generous donors
- 100 per cent of funds raised will be distributed to those impacted
- The donations are already making a difference:
 - Generators for essential electricity to businesses and individuals on Kangaroo Island
 - Funds to support residents in bushfire affected areas who have experienced loss of, or damage to, their home
 - Funds for BlazeAid to operate numerous volunteer base camps in NSW, Vic and SA and provide these volunteers with equipment trailers; and to support the costs of re-fencing

1H20 financial result

	1H20	1H20 v 2H19	1H20 v 1H19
Statutory net profit (\$m)	145.8	(16.0%)	(28.2%)
Cash earnings (\$m)	215.4	10.0%	(2.0%)
Total income (\$m)	814.7	2.3%	1.4%
Cost to income (%)	59.3	(2.8%)	3.5%
Return on tangible equity (cash, %)	10.96	+81bps	(36bps)
CET1 (%) ¹	9.00	+8bps	+24bps
Net interest margin (%)	2.37	-	+2bps
Cash earnings per share (cash, ¢)	43.7	9.3%	(3.1%)
Dividend per share (¢)	31.0c	(4.0c)	(4.0c)

Includes software Impairment of \$87.1m²

Advanced Accreditation \$57.8m New Payments Platform \$11.1m Other \$18.2m

& accelerated amortisation of \$19.0m²

Capitalisation threshold increased from \$0.5m to \$2.0m

Disciplined strategy execution

Achieving sustainable growth, a seamless customer experience and reduced cost base

Our vision

To be Australia's bank of choice

Our purpose

To feed into the prosperity of our customers and their communities, not off it

Our strategy



Reduce complexity



Invest in capability



Tell our story

To deliver:

- Seamless customer experience
- Medium-term reduction in cost base
- Sustainable growth

Focusing our investment

Driving simplification of processes and building new capability and capacity for growth



New and enhanced third party partnerships



Processing capacity to support strong growth



Distribution capability to provide greater flexibility for our customers



Continued modernisation of branch network – concept branches and network tiering



Further development of our digital offerings and capabilities



Simplifying our processes



Building open banking platform



Continued uplift in risk capabilities

Accelerating investment in five key areas

To support growth, increase operation leverage and maintain a leading customer experience



Customer experience



Digital



Simplification



Automation



Regulatory change

Designing and delivering customer centric experiences

Leveraging Al and machine learning capability to enhance customer experience

Rationalising and hollowing out core banking systems
Leveraging data capabilities to focus on needs of target customer segments
Digitising key processes for joining the bank

Simplifying and reducing business processes to improve efficiency and experience Reducing number of supporting technology applications to improve efficiency Simplifying our business model to focus on core strengths

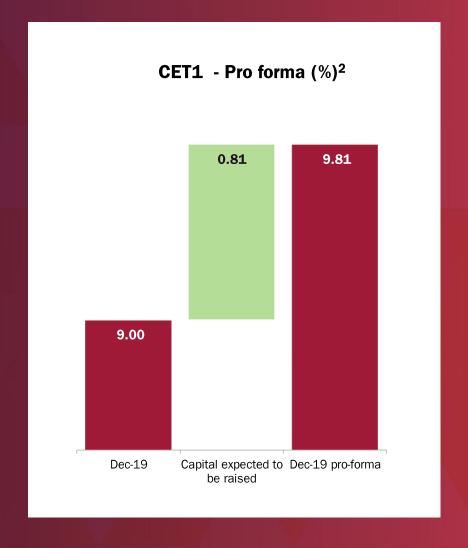
Leveraging cloud technologies to increase speed to market
Leveraging AI and machine learning capability to drive automation
Investing in capability required to create a responsive and adaptive organisation

Continuing to enhance data capabilities to mitigate risk

Delivering on requirements for Open Banking and Comprehensive Credit Reporting

Strength in balance sheet for continued growth

- CET1 ratio increased 8bps over 1H20 to 9.00%
- Expected to raise \$300m capital¹ via an underwritten institutional placement and non-underwritten share purchase plan (SPP)
- Maintain strength in balance sheet to:
 - Support continued growth in residential mortgages
 - Provide an increased buffer above APRA's "unquestionably strong" CET1 capital ratio requirements which gives additional capacity to respond to industry wide APRA capital changes
 - Provide flexibility to continue to invest in technology and regulatory related change initiatives



 $^{^{1}}$ Assumes \$50m to be raised under the SPP – the actual amount raised could be more or less

² Based on RWA as at 31-Dec-2019

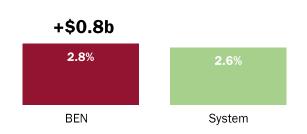


Financial performance

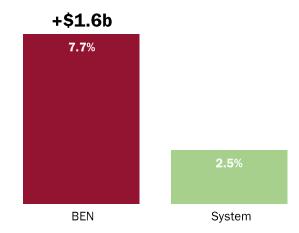
	1H20 (\$m)	2H19 (\$m)	1H19 (\$m)	1H20 vs 2H19	1H20 vs 1H19
Net interest income	\$676.4	\$649.5	\$658.5	4.1%	2.7%
Other income	\$138.3	\$146.9	\$144.6	(5.9%)	(4.4%)
Homesafe ¹	\$7.1	\$6.9	\$7.2	2.9%	(1.4%)
Operating expenses	\$487.4	\$490.3	\$464.2	(0.6%)	5.0%
Credit	\$23.2	\$24.8	\$25.5	(6.5%)	(9.0%)
Cash earnings (after tax)	\$215.4	\$195.9	\$219.8	10.0%	(2.0%)
Statutory net profit (after tax)	\$145.8	\$173.6	\$203.2	(16.0%)	(28.2%)
Cash EPS	43.7c	40.0c	45.1c	9.3%	(3.1%)

1H20 growth profile¹

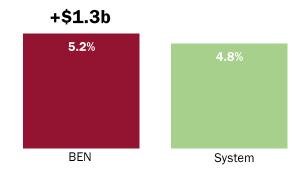
Total lending



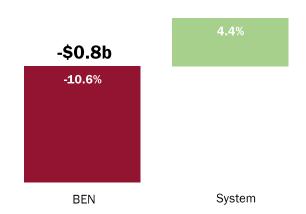
Residential lending



Total deposits

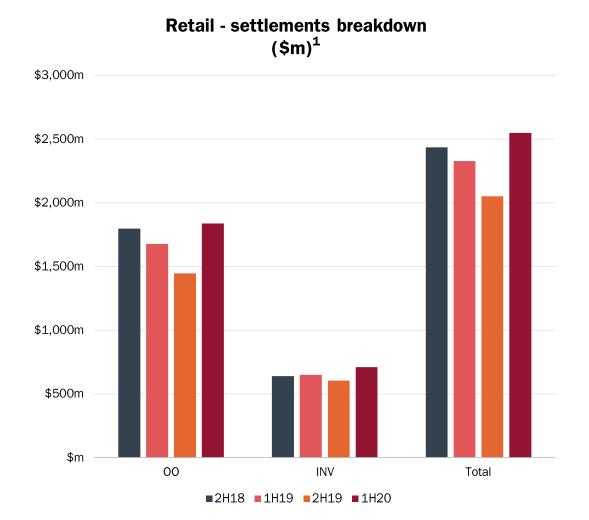


Business lending

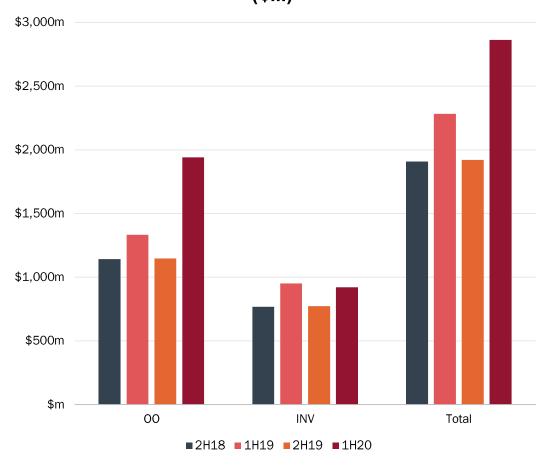


Bendigoand **Adelaide**Bank

Stronger lending activity



Third Party Banking – settlements breakdown (\$m)¹



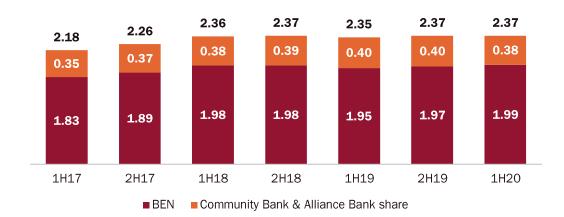
¹ Loan settlements are based on term loans using end of month asset balances. Excludes Delphi Bank, Alliance Bank and line of credit products

Net interest margin

- Ongoing active management of price/volume balance
- Low interest rate funding & equity impact offset by variable loan repricing following RBA rate cuts
- Lending portfolio rate continues to drive lower due to competitive new business rates
- Hedging activity has provided a 6bp improvement to NIM
- December 2019 exit NIM of 2.31%

NIM impacts	1H20	2H19	1H19
Front book/back book repricing	(6bps)	(6bps)	(7bps)
Variable loan repricing	10bps	-	4bps
BBSW priced commercial lending	_	(1bp)	1bp
Hedging	6bps	3bps	1bp
Treasury liquids	(2bps)	(1bps)	2bps
Customer deposit repricing	(7bps)	3bps	(2bps)
Wholesale deposits repricing	1bp	2bps	(2bps)
Funding mix	2bps	1bp	1bp
Equity contribution	(3bps)	1bp	-
Impact on adoption of AASB 16 ¹	(1bp)	-	
Total	-	2bps	(2bps)

Historical NIM - HoH (%)



NIM monthly movement



¹On 1 July 2019 the Group applied AASB 16 Leases which has resulted in interest expense associated with the Group's leases being recorded through NII

Income

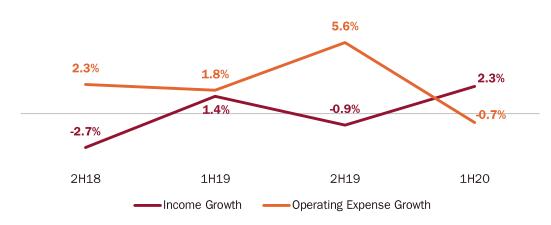
- Improvement in net interest income driven by strong growth in residential lending while maintaining net interest margin for the half
- Fee income maintained but remains under pressure across the industry
- Commissions reduced following the sale of Bendigo Financial Planning (\$5.4m in 2H19)
- Foreign Exchange income growth driven by new consumer product and increased engagement with Business Customers
- Trading Book performance was generated through a net long position and continued reduction in benchmark short term interest rates
- Seasonal Community Bank revenue and increase in Government Services income also contributing to growth in other income

	1H20 (\$m)	2H19 (\$m)	1H19 (\$m)	1H20 vs 2H19	1H20 vs 1H19
Net interest income	\$676.4	\$649.5	\$658.5	4.1%	2.7%
Fee income	\$79.3	\$79.0	\$84.8	0.4%	(6.5%)
Commissions	\$29.2	\$36.2	\$37.3	(19.3%)	(21.7%)
Foreign exchange income	\$12.4	\$11.2	\$11.2	10.7%	10.7%
Trading book income	\$4.8	\$10.7	\$1.5	Large	Large
Other	\$12.6	\$9.8	\$9.8	28.6%	28.6%
Other income	\$138.3	\$146.9	\$144.6	(5.9%)	(4.4%)
Total Income (ex specific items)	\$814.7	\$796.4	\$803.1	2.3%	1.4%

Operating expenses

- Cost to income ratio 59.3%
- Increase in staff costs supporting execution of strategy
- Total operating expenses impacted by an increase in staff costs and consultancy fees relating to design and implementation of new initiatives totalling \$16.9m
- Remediation relating to products not operating in accordance with terms and conditions totalling \$3.9m
- Adoption of new lease accounting standard (AASB16) resulted in \$1m increase in total operating expenses compared to 1H19 (no impact v 2H19)

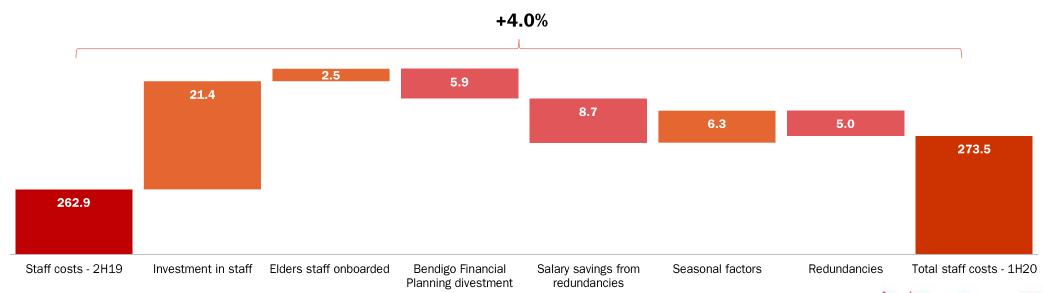
Jaws momentum (%)



	1H20 (\$m)	2H19 (\$m)	1H19 (\$m)	1H20 vs 2H19	1H20 vs 1H19
Staff costs	\$273.5	\$262.9	\$255.6	4.0%	7.0%
Occupancy, property, plant and equipment	\$50.4	\$50.4	\$51.5	0.0%	(2.1%)
Amortisation of acquired intangibles	\$1.5	\$2.1	\$1.6	(28.6%)	(6.3%)
Amortisation of software intangibles	\$16.4	\$17.8	\$16.0	(7.9%)	2.5%
Fees and commissions	\$10.3	\$13.8	\$17.3	(25.4%)	(40.5%)
Communications, advertising and promotion	\$33.1	\$33.7	\$33.0	(1.8%)	0.3%
Other	\$99.8	\$95.4	\$90.4	4.6%	10.4%
Other – remediation	\$3.9	\$16.3	\$0.4	(Large)	Large
Total OPEX	\$488.9	\$492.4	\$465.8	(0.7%)	5.0%

Staff costs

- Investment in staff:
 - Residential mortgage growth significant uplift in processing staff numbers to meet growing demand
 - Risk and Compliance ensuring risk capabilities across the Group continue to meet future needs
 - People and Culture enhanced recruitment team, change management and organisational capability
 - Technology and transformation expanded leadership team to lead organisational change initiatives
 - Agribusiness supporting growth in income from Government Services
- Full half of Elders banking staff included following May 2019 onboarding
- Redundancies through the half totalled \$4.7m (\$9.7m in 2H19)



Consumer division

- Strong growth in mortgages with settlements up 35%, with particular strength in Q2
- Deposit growth of \$1.3bn with \$1.7bn growth in at call
- NII increased reflecting strong balance sheet growth combined with effective margin management
- Improved contribution from Wealth business following sale of Bendigo Financial Planning
- Underlying expenses were maintained flat against prior half
- Increase in operating expenses driven by allocated expenses
- Release of collective provision has offset benign specific provisions for the half

	1H20 (\$m)	2H19 (\$m)	1H19 (\$m)	1H20 vs 2H19	1H20 vs 1H19
Net interest income	\$446.2	\$430.7	\$434.4	\$15.5	\$11.8
Other income	\$100.1	\$103.1	\$109.2	(\$3.0)	(\$9.1)
Operating expenses	\$347.3	\$360.2	\$333.8	(\$12.9)	\$13.5
Credit expenses	(\$0.4)	\$11.4	\$7.1	(\$11.8)	(\$7.5)
Tax	\$61.2	\$52.3	\$63.5	\$8.9	(\$2.3)
Cash earnings before Homesafe	\$138.2	\$109.9	\$139.2	\$28.3	(\$1.0)
Homesafe net realised income ¹	\$5.0	\$4.9	\$5.0	\$0.1	-
Cash earnings	\$143.2	\$114.8	\$144.2	\$28.4	(\$1.0)
Remediation ²	\$2.7	\$11.4	\$0.3	(\$8.7)	\$2.4
Redundancies ²	\$1.4	\$5.3	\$0.9	(\$3.9)	\$0.5
Underlying earnings	\$147.3	\$131.5	\$145.4	\$15.8	\$1.9

¹ Homesafe net realised income after tax

² Remediation and redundancies after tax

Business division

- Steady NII from prior half reflects strength in margin management across both asset and liability portfolios, which offset the impact of further contraction in commercial property lending exposures
- Other income was flat with growth in Foreign Exchange transaction income offset by lower transactional fee income reflecting competitive environment
- Operating expenses impacted by higher staff costs associated with targeted investment in Risk and Support roles and increased allocated expenses
- Credit expenses reverted back toward longer term average, with higher provision coverage of portfolio. Prior half benefited from release of collective provision in line with reduction in the commercial property lending portfolio
- Increase in redundancy costs reflects structural change to further align with segmented relationship model

	1H20 (\$m)	2H19 (\$m)	1H19 (\$m)	1H20 vs 2H19	1H20 vs 1H19
Net interest income	\$150.3	\$148.7	\$154.5	\$1.6	(\$4.2)
Other income	\$22.3	\$22.2	\$23.3	\$0.1	(\$1.0)
Operating expenses	\$91.7	\$84.9	\$88.1	\$7.2	\$4.0
Credit expenses ¹	\$18.2	\$11.8	\$24.0	\$6.4	(\$5.8)
Tax	\$18.6	\$23.7	\$20.7	(\$5.1)	(\$2.1)
Cash earnings	\$43.7	\$50.5	\$45.0	(\$6.8)	(\$1.3)
Redundancies ²	\$1.5	\$1.1	\$0.6	\$0.4	\$0.9
Underlying earnings	\$45.2	\$51.6	\$45.6	(\$6.4)	(\$0.4)

¹ Credit expenses included Great Southern

² Redundancies after tax

Agribusiness division

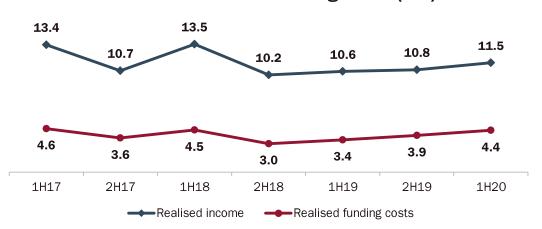
- Impact of drought and bushfires is being managed through proactive relationship management and hardship assistance. Most customers expected to operate within existing limits and facilities for the current season
- Strong margin management has benefitted net interest income
- Other income increase due to higher revenue from Government Services division and new revenue streams from acquired businesses (ProFarmer and Australian Crop Forecasters)
- Higher operating expenses reflects increased staffing costs associated with Government Services division, and acquisition of Elders banking staff
- Credit expenses reverting to long-term average after historically low credit expenses in FY19. Recognised a small number of specific provisions, and applied a conservative approach to the collective provision for drought

	1H20 (\$m)	2H19 (\$m)	1H19 (\$m)	1H20 vs 2H19	1H20 vs 1H19
Net interest income	\$79.9	\$70.1	\$69.6	\$9.8	\$10.3
Other income	\$8.1	\$7.3	\$7.7	\$0.8	\$0.4
Operating expenses	\$47.0	\$45.4	\$42.3	\$2.6	\$5.7
Credit expenses	\$5.4	\$1.6	(\$5.6)	\$3.8	\$11.0
Tax	\$11.2	\$9.8	\$12.7	\$1.4	(\$1.5)
Cash earnings	\$23.4	\$20.6	\$27.9	\$2.8	(\$4.5)
Redundancies ¹	\$0.4	\$0.4	-	_	\$0.4
Underlying earnings	\$23.8	\$21.0	\$27.9	\$2.8	(\$4.1)

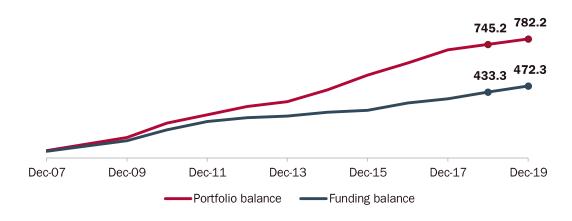
Homesafe investment property portfolio

- Proceeds on contracts completed during 1H20 exceeded carrying value by \$1.3m or 5.9%
- Average annual return on completed contracts since inception is 9.8%, pre funding costs
- After unrealised losses for FY19, 1H20 brought \$38.8m in unrealised gains into the portfolio
- Portfolio distributed between Melbourne (61%) and Sydney (39%)
- Portfolio valuation methodology reviewed and growth outlook maintained at 0% year 1, 3% year 2 and 4% year 3+
- Property values would need to fall by a further 40% before any impact on regulatory capital

Realised - income vs funding costs (\$m)



Homesafe portfolio & funding balance (\$m)



	1H2O (\$m)	2H19 (\$m)	1H19 (\$m)	2H18 (\$m)
Discount unwind	\$11.4	\$11.2	\$11.2	\$10.1
Profit/(loss) on sale	\$1.3	\$0.7	-\$0.2	\$1.3
Property revaluations	\$26.1	-\$30.6	-\$16.4	\$4.4
Total	\$38.8	-\$18.7	-\$5.4	\$15.8

Bad and doubtful debts

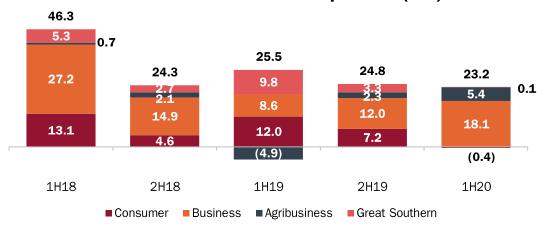
- All core portfolios remain well secured and portfolio performance remains sound
- 1H20 BDD charge 7bps (annualised) of gross loans, remains below the long term average of 11bps
- Provision coverage ratio of 111.8% up from 109.8% at 31 December 2018 although specific provisions have gradually increased
- Total impaired assets reduced \$30.5m from 31 December 2018

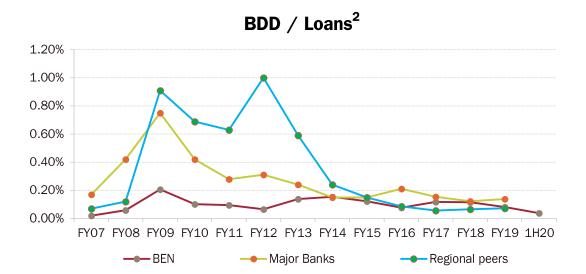
Provisions for doubtful debts (\$m)¹ 379.9 362.8 352.6 306.1 307.7 303.2 282.4 125.4 128.5 131.2 111.1 113.2 119.3 89.5 51.9 52.7 52.7 48.2 181.5 157.0 147.2 140.2 140.2 140.2 140.2 73.0 77.3 74.2 Dec 16 Jun 17 Dec 17 Dec 18 Jun 19 Jun 18 Dec 19 ■ General ■ Collective ■ Specific



² External data supplied by Morgan Stanley.

Bad and doubtful debts composition (\$m)

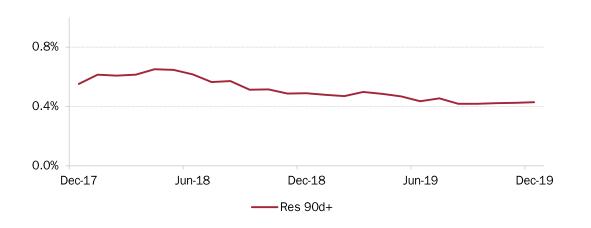




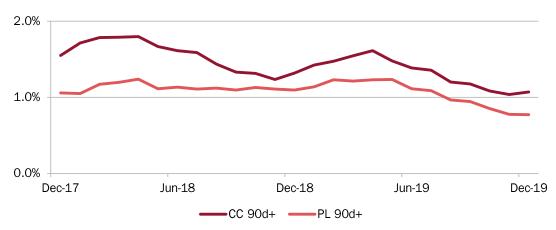


Arrears

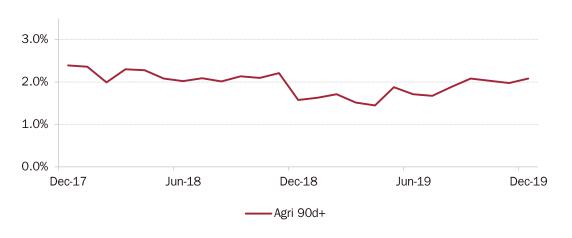
Residential loan arrears



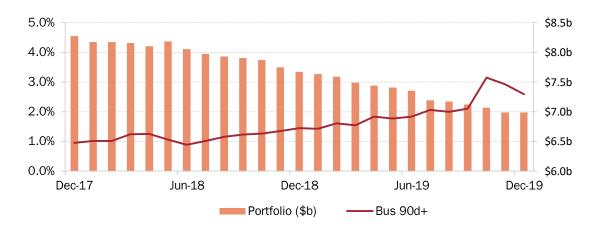
Consumer loan arrears¹



Agribusiness loan arrears



Business Ioan arrears

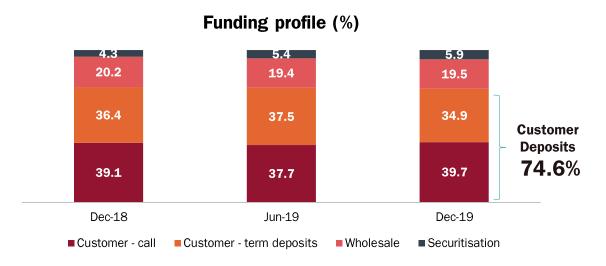


Note: Arrears includes impaired over 90d+ and excludes arrangements

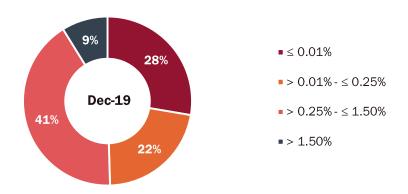
¹ Consumer loan arrears reflects credit card portfolio and personal loan portfolio

Funding mix

- Funding mix continues to be a strength, allowing flexibility to fund asset growth and manage cost of funding in low rate environment with customer deposits up \$1.5b on 2H19
- Review of the Group's deposits resulted in a change to the deposit classifications, with \$3.6b (4,500 accounts) in deposits moving to wholesale funding¹
- Despite RBA cash rate reductions, at-call deposit portfolio has increased during the period
- Term deposit average retention rate of 90% through 1H20
- LCR of 130% and NSFR ~115% at 31 December 2019
- Successfully completed wholesale transactions including:
 - Torrens 2019-2 \$1b capital effective securitisation transaction completed in November 2019
 - Two \$500m senior unsecured transactions in September and December 2019



Customer call deposit funding costs

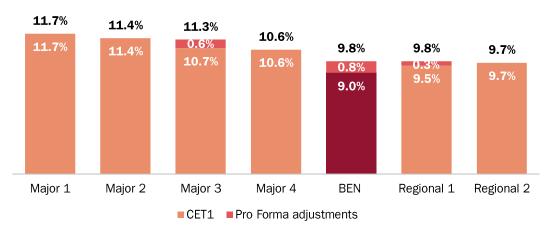


¹ The total amount of customer deposits is equal to the sum of interest bearing, non-interest bearing and term deposits from retail and corporate customers

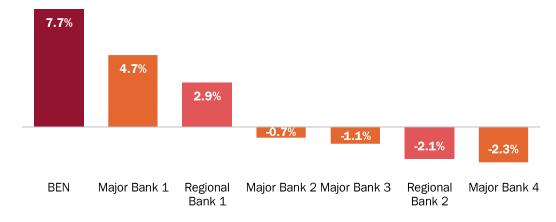
Capital

- Balance Sheet Strength
 - 8bps increase in CET1 over 1H20 to 9.0% at December 2019 during a period of strong growth which reflects the stability in the balance sheet
 - Target CET1 range of 9.0% 9.5% and will review the range after APRA finalises its review of the capital adequacy framework
- Supporting residential mortgage growth above system is a key priority
- Continued investment across the business in partnerships, simplification, automation technology, risk and compliance
- Dividend Policy maintained
 - Target dividend payout ratio maintained at 60% 80% of cash earnings, with cash dividend reset to a more sustainable level for the current environment

CET1 peer comparison¹



Residential housing lending growth²



¹ CET1 is based on the most recent CET1 disclosures adjusted for equity raisings

² Source: APRA Monthly Banking Statistics December 2019. Data is an annualised growth rate based on a 6 month period (30/06/19 – 31/12/19)



Outlook

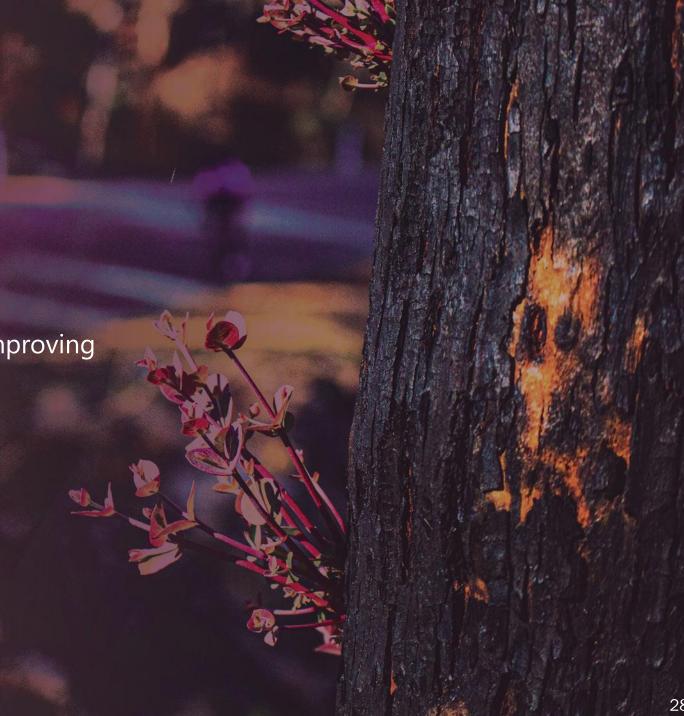
Resilience in uncertain times

Expected

- Growth in digital
- Continued regulatory focus
- Domestic economic indicators improving

Uncertainty

- Climate change
- Global economy
- Coronavirus



Financial considerations for 2H20

Strong growth with NIM and expense headwinds

- Mortgage lending growth rates expected to exceed system growth
- Business lending growth to revert towards system growth through 2H20
- Agri lending growth to be underpinned by seasonal drawdowns for crop planting in Q4, and continued growth in core markets
- Impact of drought and bushfires expected to increase BDD, but within 11bps long term average
- CTI ratio expected to increase marginally in 2H20 with key drivers:
 - NIM expected to decline from 1H20 margin of 2.37%
 - Operating expenses, including accelerated investment in technology, to increase 2-3% from 1H20

Summary

Delivering sustainable growth, a seamless customer experience and reduced cost base

- Strong residential mortgage lending
- Accelerated investment across the business in revenue opportunities, partnerships, simplification, automation technology, risk and compliance
- Net operating expense impact from accelerated investment spend expected to peak at \$80m in year three and then decline materially as acceleration phase of investment spend tapers off and as cost efficiencies increase
- CTI expected to increase moderately in the short term, then return to 1H20 ratio in year three, before declining towards our target of 50% thereafter
- CTI outcome will be driven by revenue growth, cost efficiencies, completion of accelerated phase of investment spend and operating environment
- Strong balance sheet position will enable investment to support key growth areas and flexibility to drive technology and regulatory change initiatives





Appendix index

Section	Page Number
Our long standing commitment to the environment	34
Executive team	35
Awards	36
Digital Partnerships	37
Changing customer preferences	38
Physical presence	39
Community Bank model	40
Residential portfolio	41-43
Business portfolio	44
Agribusiness portfolio	45
Customer deposit methodology	46
Funding and liquidity	47
Specific provisions	48
Capital	49
Great Southern	50
Statutory earnings reconciliation	51

Our longstanding commitment to the environment

Statement of commitment to the environment

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank is committed to making a positive contribution to the communities in which it operates.

Our planet is made up of many such communities. For that reason acting in the best interests of the environment just makes sense.

Therefore:

We commit to actively identify opportunities to reduce our environmental footprint.

We will assist our staff, customers, partners, shareholders and communities to identify opportunities to reduce their envronmental footprint.

We will consider the environment in all relevant business descisions.

We commit to measure and report our progress as we act to achieve these goals.

Working together we can all make a difference.



Demonstrated through:

- No direct lending to coal or coal seam gas projects
- 5 star NABERS Energy rating for Adelaide and Bendigo head office buildings
- Voluntary reporting on carbon emissions; 28.84kt C02e emissions in FY19, 11.4% reduction YOY
- Travel emissions offset through Greenfleet. Over 85,000 trees planted since 2014
- Ongoing waste and energy efficiency initiatives
- Trialling solar energy at 7 branch locations
- 70% group power purchases matched against renewable energy
- Victorian "Switch to Save" initiative. 55,000 energy efficient light globes installed
- Numerous Community Bank funded energy initiatives

Next steps:

- Dedicated Climate Change team established to finalise Action Strategy
- Launch of a renewed Policy Statement and commitment to action in 1H21
- Strengthen climate change governance and risk management framework



Executive team



Mamle Baker

MANAGING DIRECTOR

BBUS (ACC), ASA, MAICD, SF

FIN



Taso Corolls

CHIEF RISK OFFICER
BEC, BCOM, GRAD DIP APP
FIN & INVEST



Travis Crouch
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
BBUS (ACC), CA



Richard Fennell
EXECUTIVE, CONSUMER
BANKING
BEC, CA, MAICD



Alexandra Gartmann
CEO RURAL BANK &
EXECUTIVE, CUSTOMER AND
PARTNER ENGAGEMENT
BSC (REM), MAICD



Bruce Speirs

EXECUTIVE, BUSINESS

BANKING

BCOM, CA, MBA, GAICD



Louise Tebbutt
CHIEF PEOPLE OFFICER
BBUS



Ryan Brosnahan

CHIEF TRANSFORMATION OFFICER
BCOM, MSc(FIN), CA, MAICD

Ryan Brosnahan joined Bendigo and Adelaide Bank in 2019 and is responsible for driving the Group's organisational and technological change program to support the Bank's strategy. With more than 20 years' international experience in the financial services industry in Australia, New Zealand and the United Kingdom, Ryan has led significant and complex growth and transformational change initiatives across multiple functions and businesses in financial services, and has a deep passion for harnessing the power of technology to improve the way we live and work.

We are well placed



Top 10 most trusted brand in Australia¹

Roy Morgan Net Trust Score

#2 Consumer Banking : Satisfaction³ for

Up winner of Fintech

Australia awards for

Best Partnership of the Year

Excellence in Industry

Collaborations &

Bendigo and Adelaide

Partnerships

Bank and Ferocia

Home Loan customers and Non Home Loan customers

J.D. Power

Bendigo Bank ranks highest in credit card satisfaction



Ranked 11th overall - top ranking bank and financial institution

> Australia 2019 RepTrak® Results

Canstar 4-Star Rated

Savings & transaction accounts 2019

in Youth Transactor Category for Bendigo Bank Student Account

Most Satisfied Customers Award for Credit Cards

Outstanding Value Award for Premium Credit Card



Mozo's Experts Choice Award Winner 2019

1st Excellent Banking App

Forrester's Australian Customer **Experience** Index

KPMG Customer Experience Excellence 2019

#3 overall

Canstar Innovation Excellence Award for Youth Debit Card

Canstar Outstanding Value

Award for Leveraged Second year running



Mozo People's Choice Award Winner **2019**²

- Roy Morgan All Brand Net Trust Score Survey
- 2. Mozo People's Choice Awards 2019
- 3. Roy Morgan's 'Customer Satisfaction report on Consumer Banking in Australia', May 2019

- **Outstanding Customer Satisfaction**
- Most Recommended
- Bank Account Satisfaction
- **Excellent Customer Service**
- **Highly Trusted** Staff Friendliness
- Customer satisfaction credit cards

2019 DBM Australian Financial Awards Winner of 5 business banking awards

Best Business Customer Service

Best Business Relationship Managers

Best Digital Business Bank

Most Competitive Business Bank Most Recommended **Business Bank**

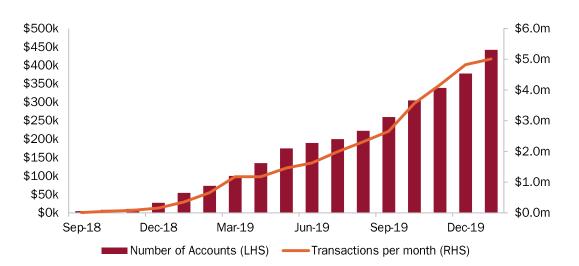
Digital Partnerships delivering growth and digital capabilities



Super Powered Banking.

LIVING

- Technology-led banking
- +165,000 customers an increase of 57% on prior half
- 50% of customers aged between 16 and 24 with a median age of 20
- 42% of customers actively using Up, depositing \$1k or more per month, an increase of 93% on prior half
- Savings and transaction account balances \$172m, up 414% on prior half



tic:toc

- ~\$1bn in approvals and more than \$600m in settlements in 2.5 years, with portfolio growth averaging 8-10% per month
- Approvals in the first half of FY20 are 55% higher than the previous six months, demonstrating strong growth in activity levels
- Tic:Toc residential mortgage portfolio has had no defaults or credit losses since launch in July 2017
- The evolution of Tic:Toc's proprietary AI continues with the launch of XAI Validate.

Tic:Toc - portfolio history (\$m)



Changing customer preferences

E-banking platform usage

Up 9.7% through 2019with **18.9% more logons**

Historic transaction trends



100% 90% 80% 70% 60% 40% 30% 20%

2017Q4

■ Online card-on-file

Contactless

10%

2015Q4

2016Q4

■ Magnetic stripe read

■ EMV chip

Customer preferred card usage

2018Q4

Online - entered details

Apple/Google Pay

2019Q4

Physical presence



POINTS OF PRESENCE	
Company-owned branch	165
Community Bank® branch	322
Delphi Bank	15
Rural Bank	199
Alliance Bank	21
Private Franchises	4
	726
	Community Bank® branch Delphi Bank Rural Bank Alliance Bank

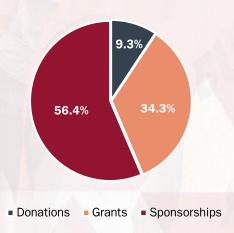
The Community Bank model

- Community banking is based on a 'profit with purpose' model, which means profits are returned directly to the community which has generated them
- Over \$230m in community contributions¹ since inception, enabling tangible economic and social benefits for the communities and our business
- Significant matched funding leveraged by community partners for major local infrastructure initiatives
- 322 Community Bank branches, of which over 20% are the last financial institution in the town or suburb
- Proven, reliable and cost effective distribution strategy
- Compelling and significant engagement across communities with 75,000+ Community Bank shareholders and 1,950+ directors
- One of the largest social enterprise movements globally

Community Bank footings (\$bn)



Total investment by theme



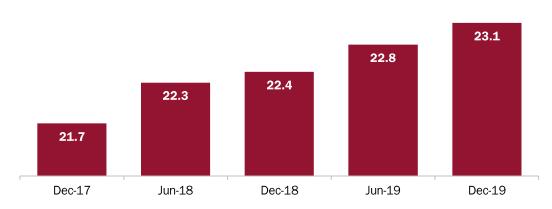


¹ Includes total sponsorships, donations and grants

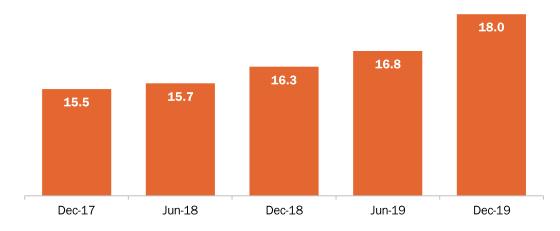
² Community Bank footing includes Private Franchises (4 branches in total)

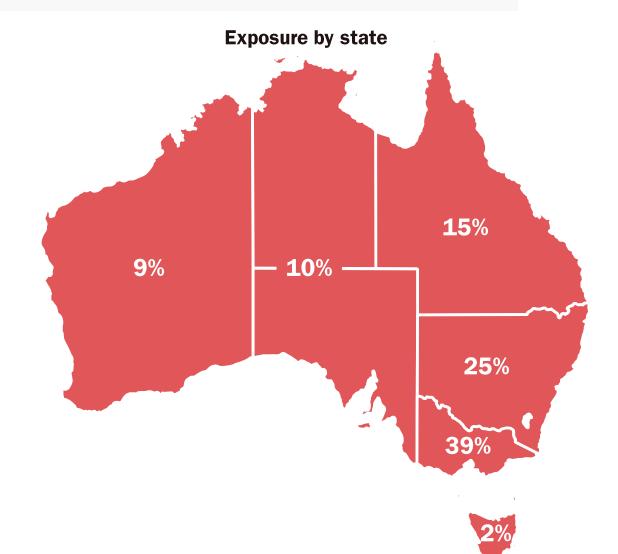
Residential portfolio

Retail - portfolio (\$b)¹



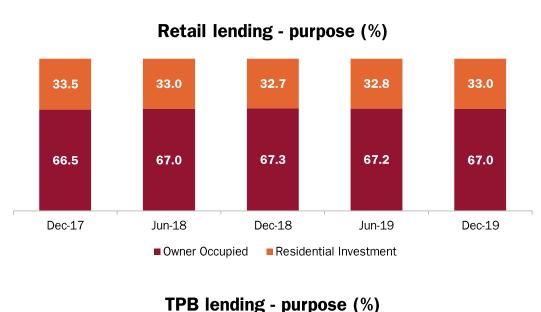
TPB - portfolio (\$b)¹

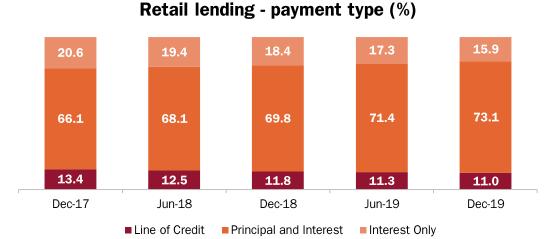


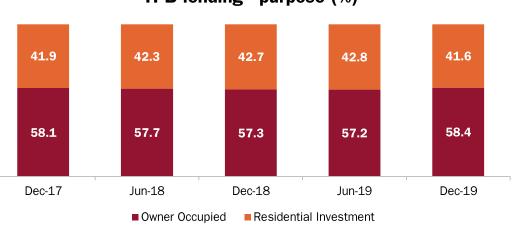


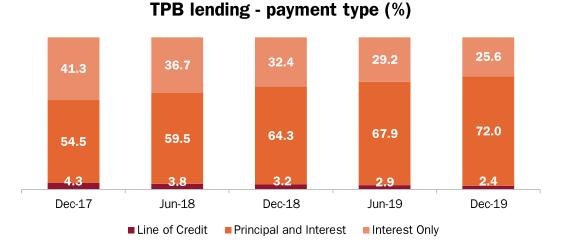
¹ Loan portfolio constructed from internal data and includes line of credit products

Residential portfolio – total exposure



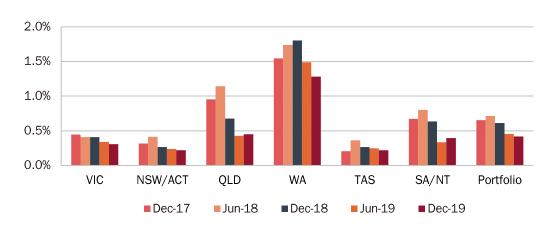






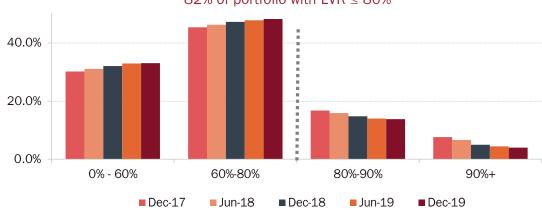
Residential portfolio key metrics

Home Loans 90+ days past due - by state¹



Residential loan-to-value profile²

82% of portfolio with LVR \leq 80%



Residential portfolio and settlement metrics ³	Dec-19	Jun-19
Retail mortgages	56%	58%
Third Party mortgages	44%	42%
Lo Doc	1%	1%
Owner occupied	63%	63%
Owner occupied P&I	89%	86%
Owner occupied I/O	11%	14%
Investment	37%	37%
Investment P&I	52%	49%
Investment I/O	48%	51%
Mortgages with LMI	20%	20%
Average LVR (at origination)	57%	58%
Average Ioan balance	\$243k	\$239k
90+ days past due - exc arrangements	0.4%	0.4%
Impaired loans	0.11%	0.08%
Specific provisions	0.03%	0.03%
Loss rate	0.01%	0.02%
Variable	77%	74%
Fixed	23%	26%

¹ Keystart included from Jun-17, excludes Delphi Bank. Arrears includes impaired over 90d+ and excludes arrangements

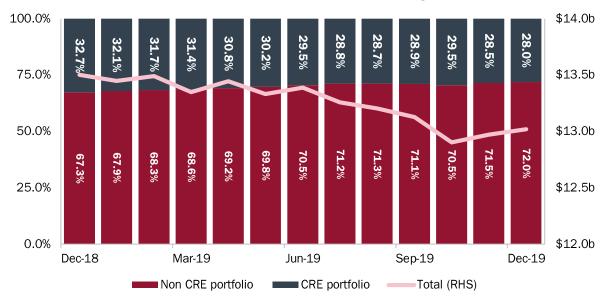
² Breakdown of LVRs by residential mortgages by origination

³ Loan data represented by purpose. Includes Business and Agribusiness divisions. Excludes Delphi Bank & Keystart data. Arrears includes impaired over 90d+ and excludes arrangements

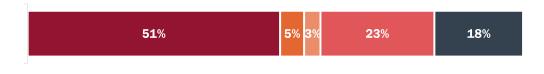
Business division - segments

- Full segmentation of the Business division now complete, with further centralisation of support processes underway to release further capacity within front line.
- All segments now fully resourced, with targeted smaller number of customer relationships per banker to support differentiated model
- Small Business proposition continues to build on prior period momentum, as a clear differentiator within the market, achieving 15.6% growth through the period¹
- Stronger momentum in latter months of 1H20, supporting expectations for return towards systems growth levels in 2H20
- Readjustment of the Commercial property lending portfolio completed during 1H20. Expectations are 2H20 will bring positive growth within revised risk appetite
- Opportunities identified for investment to generate further efficiencies for front line bankers to increase customer relationship capacity

Business division - reduction in CRE portfolio



Business division



- Business Customer (SME)
- Specialist: Retirement Living & Aged Care
- Specialist: Property
- t Living & Aged Care Portfolio Funding (inc Keystart)

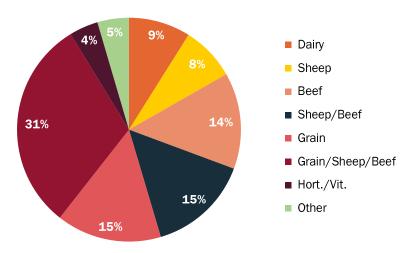
Other

[▶] Bendigoand Adelaide Bank

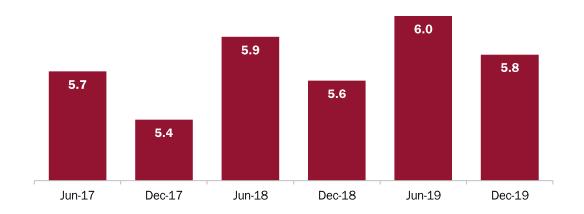
¹ Internal data is an annualised growth rate based on a 6 month period (30/06/19 - 31/12/19)

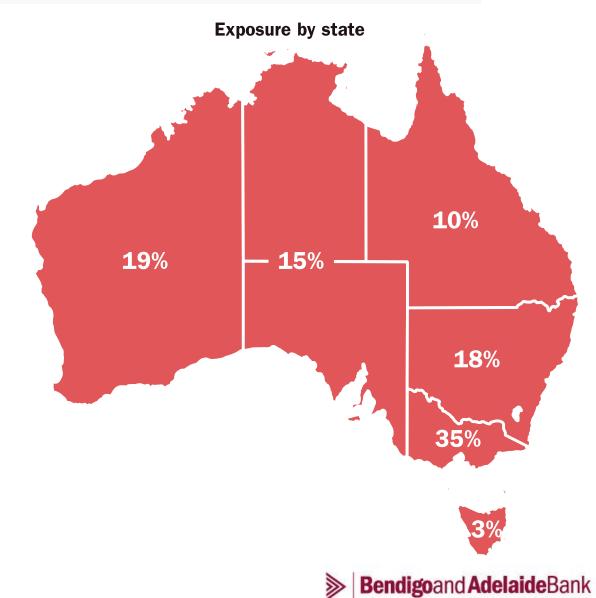
Agribusiness portfolio

Agri exposure by industry



Agribusiness portfolio (\$)



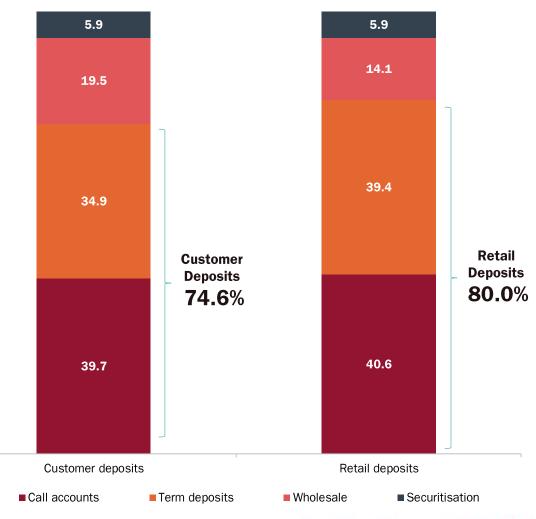


Customer deposit methodology

- During the period, a review of the Group's deposits has been completed aligning the funding classification to the end investor (from product type), resulting in a change to the deposits disclosures. Retail deposits will now be classified as customer deposits to better align the Group's funding profile to the new disclosures.
- The total amount of customer deposits is defined as being equal to the sum of interest bearing, non-interest bearing and term deposits from retail and corporate customers. Examples of the products that transferred from the previous retail deposit classification include term deposits and 11am borrowing accounts to financial institutions totalling \$3.6b.

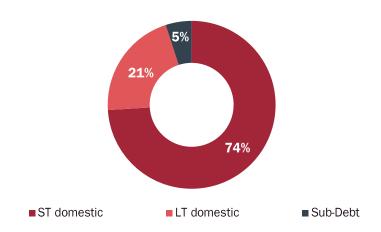
	Change in funding (\$b)	Change in funding (%)
At call accounts	(\$0.6)	(0.9%)
Term deposits	(\$3.0)	(4.5%)
Wholesale	\$3.6	5.4%

Funding profile – 31 Dec 2019 (%)

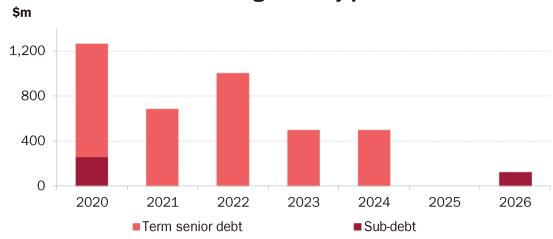


Funding and liquidity

Wholesale funding composition¹



Term funding maturity profile²



Liquidity Coverage Ratio – 3 month average^{3,4}

	Dec-19 (\$b)	Sep-19 (\$b)	Jun-19 (\$b)	Mar-19 (\$b)
High quality liquid assets	5.70	5.25	4.29	4.91
Committed liquidity facility	3.00	3.00	2.99	2.98
Total LCR liquid assets	8.70	8.25	7.28	7.89
Customer deposits	3.64	3.32	3.27	3.14
Wholesale funding	1.35	1.53	1.22	1.54
Other flows	1.71	1.59	1.35	1.50
Net cash outflows	6.70	6.44	5.84	6.18
LCR	130%	128%	125%	128 %

Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) 115.2% as at 31 December 2019



¹ Wholesale funding composition reflects change to customer deposit methodology, with \$3.6bn moving to wholesale. Wholesale funding with residual term less than 12 months are classified as short-term funding.



² Subordinated debt maturity refers to legal final maturity date.

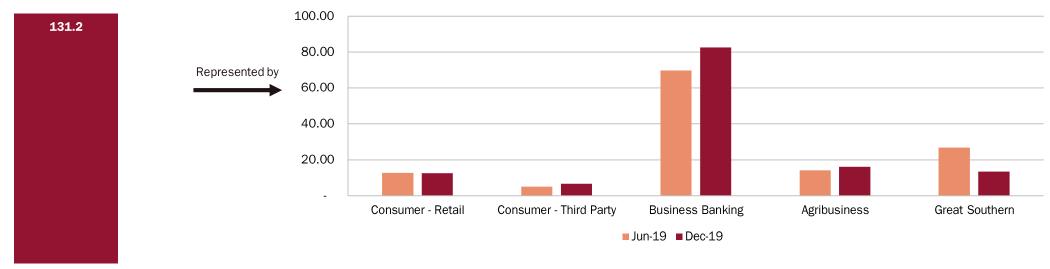
³LCR values are based the average LCR outcomes observed during each quarter (i.e. 92 data points for the quarter ended 31 December 2019) whereas LCR averages provided in 4E are based on semi-annual averages (i.e. 183 data points for the 6 months to 31 December 2019).

⁴ Customer deposits and Wholesale funding inputs have been restated to reflect the change in customer deposit methodology.

Specific provisions

Specific provision balance (\$m)

Specific provisions breakdown (\$m)

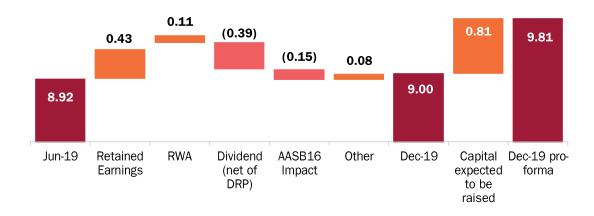


Provision as % of each portfolio's gross loans	Consumer – Retail	Consumer – Third Party	Business Banking	Agribusiness	Great Southern	BEN total
December 2019	0.04%	0.04%	0.77%	0.28%	35.70%	0.21%
June 2019	0.05%	0.03%	0.63%	0.23%	46.98%	0.21%

Capital

	1H20 (%)	2H19 (%)	1H19 (%)	2H18 (%)
Common Equity Tier 1	9.00%	8.92%	8.76%	8.62%
Additional Tier 1	2.40%	2.39%	2.39%	2.34%
Tier 1	11.40%	11.31%	11.15%	10.96%
Tier 2	1.81%	1.83%	2.69%	1.89%
Total capital	13.21%	13.14%	13.84%	12.85%
Total risk weighted assets	\$37.3b	\$37.5b	\$37.5b	\$38.3b

CET1 movement - 6 months^{1,2}



S&P RAC Ratio³





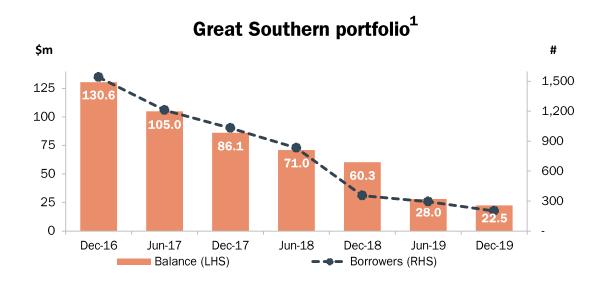
¹ Unrealised Homesafe revaluation revenue has been excluded from increases in retained earnings

² Retained earnings, RWA and Other excludes AASB16 impacts

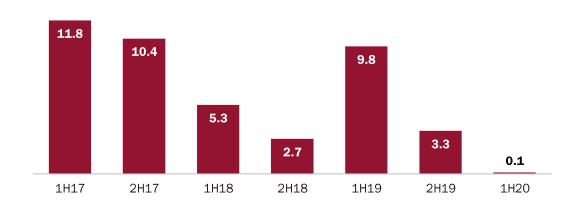
³ Standard & Poors RAC Ratio, Major 1 as at 30 Dec 2018, Major 2 & 4 as at 30 Sep 2018, Major 3 as at 31 March 2019 & BEN as at 30 Jun 2019

Great Southern

- Great Southern portfolio continues to contract and is adequately provisioned
- Past due 90 days of \$8.8m, down 74.8% from 30 June 2019
- Specific provision of \$13.4m, down \$13.4m from 30 June 2019
- Collective provision of \$8.2m, down \$0.6m from 30 June 2019¹



Great Southern BDD (\$m)

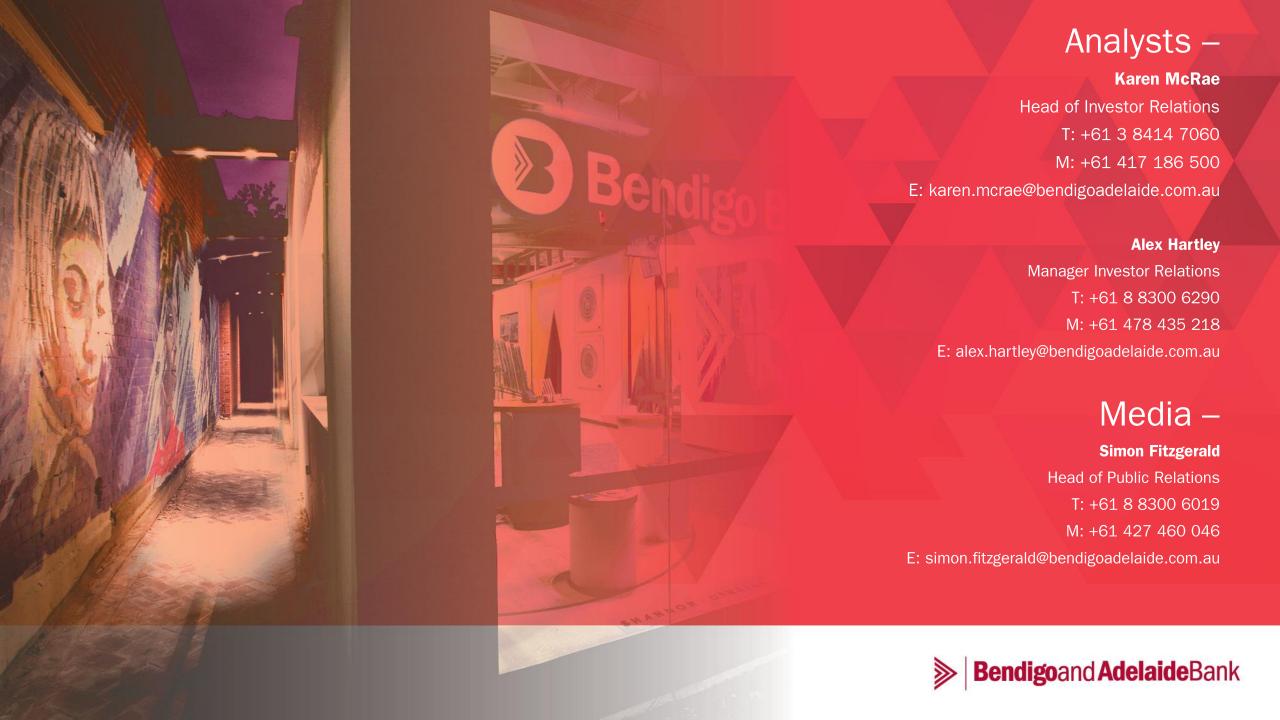


¹ Balance of loans less specific provisions

Reconciliation

	1H2O (\$m)	2H19 (\$m)	1H19 (\$m)
Statutory Profit after tax	\$145.8	\$173.6	\$203.2
Fair value adjustments	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.2
Homesafe unrealised adjustments	(\$22.6)	\$19.3	\$10.2
Hedging revaluation	\$8.9	(\$6.1)	(\$1.3)
Loss on sale of business	-	\$1.6	-
Software impairment	\$60.9	\$0.5	-
Software accelerated amortisation	\$13.2	-	-
Operating expenses ²	\$3.0	\$0.5	\$1.4
Amortisation of intangibles	\$1.1	\$1.5	\$1.1
Cash earnings after tax (sub total) ¹	\$210.4	\$191.0	\$214.8
Homesafe net realised income after tax	\$5.0	\$4.9	\$5.0
Cash earnings after tax	\$215.4	\$195.9	\$219.8

 $^{^{1}}$ Cash earnings after tax (subtotal) is equal to cash earnings before Homesafe realised income 2 Operating expenses included integration, legal and compensation costs



Disclaimer

This document is a presentation of general background information about the Group's activities current at the date of the presentation. It is information in a summary form and no representation or warranty is made as to the accuracy, completeness or reliability of the information. It is to be read in conjunction with the Bank's half year results filed with the Australian Securities Exchange on 17 February 2020 and the bank's other periodic and continuous disclosure announcements. It is not intended to be relied upon as advice to investors or potential investors and does not take into account the investment objectives, financial situation or needs of any particular investor. These should be considered, with or without professional advice, when deciding if an investment is appropriate.

This presentation may contain certain "forward-looking statements". The words "anticipate", "believe", "expect", "project", "forecast", "estimate", "likely", "intend", "should", "could", "may", "target", "plan" and other similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Indications of, and guidance on, future earnings and financial position, distributions and performance are also forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are beyond the control of the Group, its officers, employees, agents and advisors, that may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in such statements. There can be no assurance that actual outcomes will not differ materially from these statements. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements only speak as of the date of this presentation and the Group assumes no obligation to update such information.

To the maximum extent permitted by law, the Group shall have no liability whatsoever for any loss or liability of any kind arising in respect of the information contained, or not being contained, in this document.

This presentation does not constitute an offer to sell, or the solicitation of an offer to buy, any securities in the United States. The new shares to be offered and sold under the placement and SPP have not been, and will not be, registered under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "U.S. Securities Act") or the securities laws of any state or other jurisdiction of the United States. Accordingly, the new shares offered and sold in the placement may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, to any person in the United States, except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the U.S. Securities Act and any other applicable U.S. state securities laws. Shares issued under the SPP described in this presentation may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, to any person in the United States or any person that is acting for the account or benefit of a person in the United States.

Investors should note that certain financial measures included in this presentation are "non-IFRS financial information" under ASIC Regulatory Guide 230: "Disclosing non-IFRS financial information" published by ASIC and/or "non-GAAP financial measures" under Regulation G of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The discussion and analysis discloses the net profit after tax on both a 'statutory basis' and a 'cash basis'. The statutory basis is prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and the Australian Accounting Standards, which comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The cash basis is used by management to present a clear view of the Group's underlying operating results, excluding a number of items that are deemed to be outside of our core activities and such items are not considered to be representative of the Group's ongoing financial performance. Refer to the Appendix 4E for reconciliation to statutory profit. Although the Group believes this non-IFRS/non-GAAP financial measure provides useful information to users in measuring the financial performance and condition of its business, investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any non-IFRS/non-GAAP financial measures included in the presentation.

Copyright protection exists in this presentation.